

# The First Derivative and Slope

Michael Penna, Indiana University – Purdue University, Indianapolis

## Objective

To investigate the connection between the first derivative of a function  $f$  and the slope of the tangent line to the graph of  $f$ .

## Narrative

Recall that, as long as the limit exists, the first derivative  $f'$  of the function  $f$  is defined by

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}.$$

In this project we use the definition of derivative to compute  $f'$  for  $f(x) = 5x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + 1$ . We also graph  $f$  and two other functions and their derivatives to emphasize the connection between a function and its derivative: for each  $x$  in the domain of the derivative  $f'$  of  $f$ ,  $f'(x)$  is the slope of the tangent line to the graph of  $f$  at  $x$ , and  $f$  is increasing at  $x$  if and only if  $f'(x) > 0$ , and  $f$  is decreasing at  $x$  if and only if  $f'(x) < 0$ .

There are several different ways to write the derivative of a function in Mathematica. In this project we use the notation  $\mathbf{f}'$  to denote the derivative of the function  $\mathbf{f}$ . We could also write the derivative of  $\mathbf{f}$  as  $\mathbf{D}[\mathbf{f}[\mathbf{x}],\mathbf{x}]$  or  $\mathbf{Derivative}[1][\mathbf{f}]$ . Each of these ways has its own context; details are discussed in Mathematica's Help.

## Task

1. Type the command lines in the left-hand column below into Mathematica in the order in which they are listed. The effect of each command is described in the right-hand column for your reference.

In[1] := (* Your name, today's date *)	
In[2] := (* The First Derivative and Slope *)	
In[3] := f[x_] := 5x^3+2x^2-3x+1	Let $f(x) = 5x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + 1$ .
In[4] := (f[x+h]-f[x])/h	Set up the difference quotient.
In[5] := Simplify[%]	Simplify the difference quotient.
In[6] := Limit[%, h->0]	Find the limit of the difference quotient as $h \rightarrow 0$ .
In[7] := f'[x]	Compute $f'$ .
In[8] := Plot[{f[x], f'[x]}, {x,-4,4}]	Plot the graphs of $f$ and $f'$ .
In[9] := f[x_] := x*Sin[x]^2	Let $f(x) = x \sin^2 x$ .
In[10] := Plot[{f[x], f'[x]}, {x,-4,4}]	Plot the graphs of $f$ and $f'$ .
In[11] := f[x_] := x^2*Sin[x]	Let $f(x) = x^2 \sin x$ .
In[12] := Plot[{f[x], f'[x]}, {x,-4,4}]	Plot the graphs of $f$ and $f'$ .

At this point, make a hard-copy of your typed input and Mathematica's responses. Then:

2. On each of the three graphics you created in Task 1, label the graphs of  $f$  and  $f'$ .
3. On each of the three graphics you created in Task 1, highlight that part of the graph of  $f$  over which the tangent lines (to the graph of  $f$ ) have positive slope, and that part of the graph of  $f'$  over which  $f'$  is positive.

Your lab report will be a hard copy of your typed input and Mathematica's responses (both text and hand-labeled graphics).